

Wollongong High School of the Performing Arts

Assessment Policy

Rationale

Wollongong High School of the Performing Arts (WHSPA) aligns its curriculum and assessment practices with the NSW Education Standards Authority (NESA) and the Department of Education to enhance learning. Assessment is integral to the learning cycle, offering students, parents, and teachers' valuable insights into progress, strengths, and areas for improvement, thereby helping teachers and students build upon current knowledge and skills. All students are informed of assessment requirements and expected to submit work according to Key Learning Area (KLA) guidelines. Classwork, homework, and formal assessments serve as indicators of student performance and guide future learning by evaluating knowledge, skills, and understanding of course content. Teachers provide formal feedback on these tasks, complemented by other forms of feedback, to support student growth and achievement.

This assessment policy applies to Years 7 to 10 at Wollongong High School of the Performing Arts. Please note that there are some variations for Year 10 to align with NESA requirements for the RoSA. It is important to review these variations carefully.

Common Principles

- Assessment tasks may be either formative (ongoing) or summative (evaluative at the end).
- Most courses have 3-4 formal assess tasks linked to syllabus outcomes.
- Students will demonstrate their learning through a variety of methods, including exams, assignments, projects, performances, and presentations.

Assessment Notifications

- Students will receive an assessment schedule at the beginning of the year. Specific details and due dates will be confirmed by teachers.
- Assessment tasks can be subject to change including task type, and due dates. This will be communicated by the teacher to the students.
- All students will be given at least two weeks' notice for each assessment task.
- Teachers will explain the task, outcomes being measured, and marking criteria when the assessment is issued

Submission of Formal Assessments

Students are expected to complete all tasks by the due date. The proceeding explanations will clarify what to do if a task is not submitted by the due date.

Late or Non-Submission of Tasks

With acceptable reasons

If a student cannot complete an assessment task due to illness, accident, or other valid reasons, appropriate documentation (e.g., a medical certificate) should be provided. In such cases, an alternative task or new due date will be arranged.

Without acceptable reasons

If a task is not completed the student will still be required to complete the assessment or like task to achieve the learning outcomes. Failure to provide sufficient evidence of learning will affect grade reporting. This will be documented and reflected in the student's progress and report records. Examples of unjustified or unreasonable reasons include, but are not limited to:

- Unapproved family holidays
- Traffic issues
- Sleeping in
- School events that can be rescheduled
- Non urgent medical appointments

Holidays and School Business

Students with school approved leave OR scheduled school commitments may apply to reschedule their assessment. To be eligible, students must provide at least two weeks' notice and submit an official Absence/Illness/Misadventure Form. Approval will be based on the circumstances and school guidelines regarding academic integrity and assessment continuity.

Feedback

Teachers will provide meaningful feedback after task submission. This feedback will include what the student has done well and areas that need improvement, helping students to reflect on their learning.

Plagiarism

Work submitted for assessment must be the student's own. Using someone else's work, including copying information from published texts or the internet, constitutes plagiarism. While each case will be considered individually, consequences may include, but are not limited to, requiring the student to complete an alternative task.

Artificial Intelligence: The use of Artificial Intelligence (AI) tools (e.g., ChatGPT and essay generators) to complete or generate responses for tasks is considered a form of plagiarism. If a student knowingly uses AI tools or another person's work, the situation will be addressed on a case-by-case basis. Consequences may include, but are not limited to, completing an alternative task. Students who knowingly provide their work to others may face similar consequences. All students are expected to properly reference and acknowledge all sources used in their assignments.

Non-Serious Attempts

If a student submits a non-serious attempt on an assessment, each case will be addressed individually. Consequences may include, but are not limited to, requiring the student to complete an alternative task.

Failure to Complete an Assessment – N Warning RoSA (Year 10 only)

If Year 10 students fail to submit an assessment task, they may receive an 'N Warning.' This warning indicates that the student is at risk of not meeting the mandatory requirements for satisfactory completion of the course. Students and their parents will be notified of this in writing. Despite receiving an 'N Warning,' students are still required to complete and submit the assessment task as per the arrangements made with their teacher.

If a student does not meet all mandatory requirements by the end of Year 10, they may not qualify for the Record of School Achievement (RoSA) that year.

Non-Completion of Course Requirements: N Warning Determination RoSA (Year 10 only)

This is the decision made by the principal at the end of the course, under delegated authority from NESA, that a student has not satisfactorily completed a course. Students who have not complied with the course completion criteria and who have received at least two written warnings can be regarded as not having satisfactorily completed the course at the time of finalising grades. The principal may then apply the 'N' determination.

Appeal Process

If a student believes that assessment procedures have not been followed, they may appeal by completing an assessment appeal form (see appendix).

Grading and Reporting

At the end of each semester, students and parents will receive a report that reflects student progress and achievements in each course. The report will include course grades, feedback on engagement, areas of strength and areas for development.

Common Grade Scale

The Common Grade Scale shown below can be used to report student achievement in junior secondary years in all NSW schools. The Common Grade Scale describes performance at each of five grade levels.

- The student has an extensive knowledge and understanding of the content and can readily apply this knowledge. In addition, the student has achieved a very high level of competence in the processes and skills and can apply these skills to new situations.
- The student has a thorough knowledge and understanding of the content and a high level of competence in the processes and skills. In addition, the student is able to apply this knowledge and these skills to most situations.
- The student has a sound knowledge and understanding of the main areas of content and has achieved an adequate level of competence in the processes and skills.
- The student has a basic knowledge and understanding of the content and has achieved a limited level of competence in the processes and skills.
- The student has an elementary knowledge and understanding in few areas of the content and has achieved very limited competence in some of the processes and skills.

Student Responsibilities

Students are responsible for managing their assessment tasks in alignment with school guidelines and timelines. This includes:

- Submitting tasks on or before the due date and planning for adequate preparation time.
- Communicating any issues affecting task completion to the relevant staff well in advance (2 weeks minimum).
- Applying for extensions or rescheduling when needed, providing supporting documentation as required.
- Abiding by academic integrity standards, ensuring all work submitted is their own and properly referenced.
- Retaining copies of all work including back-up copies.

These responsibilities help maintain fairness and integrity in assessment and support students in achieving their best outcomes

Mandatory Curriculum Requirements for the RoSA

To meet the requirements for the Record of School Achievement (RoSA) by the end of Year 10, students must complete the following courses, with each subject allocated a specific number of hours. Satisfactory completion of each is essential to qualify for the RoSA:

Course	Required Hours		
English	400 hours across Years 7–10		
Maths	400 hours across Years 7–10		
Science	400 hours across Years 7–10		
HSIE	400 hours total: 100 hours of History in each of Years 7–8 and 9–10 AND 100 hours of Geography in each of Years 7–8 and 9–10		
PDHPE	300 hours across Years 7–10		
Tech Mandatory	200 hours in Years 7–8 only		
Creative Arts	100 hours each for Visual Arts and Music in Years 7–8, completed as coherent units of study		
Languages	100 hours in one language other than English, studied over a continuous 12-month period between Years 7–10 (ideally in Years 7 or 8)		

Assessment Schedules

	DANCE				
Assessment No.	Due Date (Term / Week)	Assessment Name	Assessment Type	Weighting	
1	Term 2, Week 4	Developing a Dance Vocabulary	Performance & Report	30%	
2	Term 3, Week 2	The Origins of Jazz	Performance & Report	30%	
3	Term 4, Week 5	The Emergence of Modern Dance	Performance & Report	40%	
		DRAMA			
Assessment No.	Due Date (Term / Week)	Assessment Name	Assessment Type	Weighting	
1	Term 2, Week 4	Place Poetry: Intro to Performance Skills	Group performance and reflection	40%	
2	Term 3, Week 2	Scripted Drama - Characterisation	Scripted performance, monologue & logbook	30%	
3	Term 4, Week 4	Improvisation	Theatre sports Competition in small groups	30%	
		ENGLISH			
Assessment No.	Due Date (Term / Week)	Assessment Name	Assessment Type	Weighting	
1	Term 2, Week 8	Poetry: Perspectives of Place	Written: Take home task	35%	
2	Term 3, Week 8	Drama Study	Written: Take home task	25%	
3	Term 4, Week 6	Film Study: Hero's Journey	Written: Examination	40%	

	FRENCH			
Assessment No.	Due Date (Term / Week)	Assessment Name	Assessment Type	Weighting
1	Term 1, Week 9	Toi et Moi	Online quiz (In class)	25%
2	Term 2, Week 9	Les Voisins	Online quiz (in class)	25%
3	Term 3, Week 9	Album de Famille Written composition		25%
4	Term 4, week 5	C'est moi!	Oral presentation (In class)	25%
		GEOGRAPHY		
Assessment No.	Due Date (Term / Week)	Assessment Name	Assessment Type	Weighting
1	Term 1, Week 6	Skills Test	Test	25%
2	Term 2, Week 2	Mt Keira Fieldwork	Assignment	25%
3	Term 3, Week 5	Sustainable Cities	Presentation	25%
4	Term 4, Week 4	Final Examination	Test	25%

	MUSIC MANDATORY			
Assessment No.	Due Date (Term / Week)	Assessment Name	Assessment Type	Weighting
1	Term 1 Week 7	Performance Assessment	Practical	40%
2	Term 2 Week 8	Composition Assessment	Composition	30%
3	Term 3 Week 8	Aural Listening/Theory Test	Test	30%
MUSIC PERFORMING ARTS				
		MUSIC PERFORMING ART	S	
Assessment No.	Due Date (Term / Week)	MUSIC PERFORMING ART Assessment Name	S Assessment Type	Weighting
				Weighting 30%
No.	(Term / Week)	Assessment Name	Assessment Type	

	PDHPE				
Assessment No.	Due Date (Term / Week)	Assessment Name	Assessment Type	Weighting	
1	Term 1, Week 10	This is Me - Song Analysis	Theory	25%	
2	Term 1, Week 10	Cross Country & Athletics & Teacher Observation	Practical	25%	
3	Term 3, Week 10	Group Dance/ Composition & Teacher Observation	Practical	25%	
4	Term 4, Week 3	Digital Footprint	Theory	25%	
		SCIENCE			
Assessment No.	Due Date (Term / Week)	Assessment Name	Assessment Type	Weighting	
1	Term 1, Week 6	Being A Scientist	Take home research task (submit online)	25%	
2	Term 2, Week 4	Separating Mixtures	Practical investigation in class	25%	
3	Term 3, Week 5	Building a Cell Model	Take home	25%	
4	Term 4, Week 6	Yearly Examination	In class examination	25%	

	TECHNOLOGY			
Task Rotation Rotation Rotation			Rotation	
Context	Materials: Textiles	Materials: Timber Digital Technologies		
Project	Dharawal Cushion	Cushion Mug Tree/Jewellery Stand Computer Fundamentals & Programmi		

The three projects above are run on a trimester (13 weeks) rotation. All units will be studied during the year, but not necessarily in the sequence listed above. Not all projects will be reported on due to the rotations and the time of year each project is completed, as this will vary from class to class.

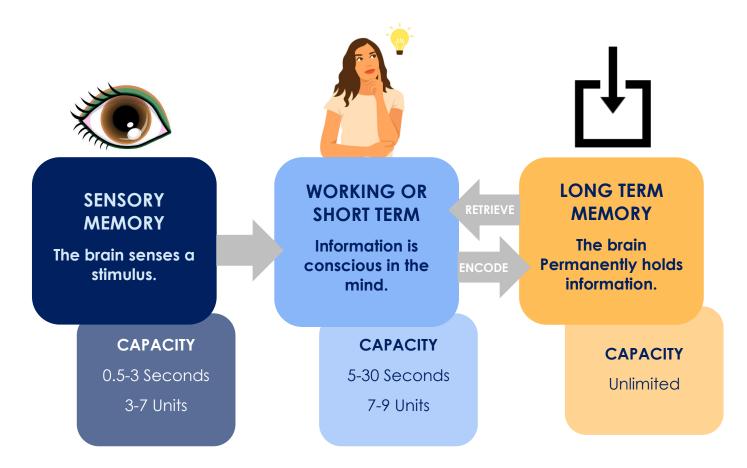
	VISUAL ARTS COLLECTIVE				
Assessment No.	Due Date (Term / Week)	Assessment Name	Assessment Type	Weighting	
1	Term 1, Week 10	Colour Theory & Practical Formative Assessment	Research Task Practical Tasks	20% 10%	
2	Term 3, Week 2	Ceramic Sculptures	Practical Task	30%	
3	Term 3, Week 10	Character Design	Design Project Creative Writing	10% 10%	
4	Term 4, Week 4	Graphic Design Print	Practical Task	20%	



STUDY & TEST TAKING ADVICE

- Memory
- Study Notes
- Memory Techniques
- Organisation
- Lifestyle & Behaviour

HOW DOES MEMORY WORK?



Information needs to be active in the working memory for it to be remembered. While the information is consciously being processed by the brain, the brain determines whether it needs the information long term.

Four main factors will determine the transfer from working memory to long term memory.

1	Novelty	seeing information in a new, original, or unusual way
2	Emotional Resonance	having a strong emotional link to the information
3	Association	linking new information to things you already know
4	Repetition	seeing the information over and over

Creating Study Notes (For some subjects)

STEP 1: Use the syllabus to start making a study overview. Map out/create an outline of what you will be studying.

To start making notes you must write down an outline of the content that will be in the exam. Work out what your main headings will be (The most suitable headings will be in your syllabus).

STEP 2: Have all the content accessible and easy to comprehend

Gather all your sources of information such as booklets, textbooks, excel books, online sources & teacher summaries. Put everything into topic piles or files based on the outline you created.

STEP 3: Chunk your study

Start with one topic at a time. Avoid trying to summarise and prepare notes for the entire course at once, as it feels like an insurmountable task. If you study one topic at a time, it will feel like you are having more success and thus help maintain motivation.

STEP 4: Prepare notes through consolidation

Start by reading all the content thoroughly and highlight the key points that are relevant, or you don't understand well (for the topic). Then, go back to the start of the topic and begin making notes based on the highlighted material (skim read as you go)



Keep them simple: 1-2 sentences to explain a point and write in your own words.

Take notes by hand instead of using your laptop-scientists recommend this because not only do you become distracted by other tabs on your laptop, but our memory is less active when using a computer screen (Mueller, P. 2013).

STEP 5: Simplify, summarise and compress

Refine your first chunk of notes by adding or replacing content with memory triggers.

- 1. Use mnemonic devices like acronyms (improve learning efficiency)
- 2. Summarise information into a comparison table, diagram, or mind map.
- 3. Find images, illustrations or symbols that link with the information (incorporates more parts of the brain increasing memory retention).
- 4. Chunk information into memorable parts
- 5. Highlight and/or colour code.

STEP 6: Test yourself and apply the information (often)

Don't just passively read your study notes. Study smart by quizzing yourself. Take practice questions from as many different sources.

STEP 7: Review periodically

Periodic review is essential if you want to move information from short-term memory to long-term memory. Research shows periodic reviews beats cramming hands down (Cepeda, N. 2008).

STEP 8: Use tips and tricks during the review process

Use memory techniques & lifestyle behaviours to boost your learning and memory capacity.

Memory Techniques

Chunk

Chunking is a term referring to the process of taking individual pieces of information (chunks) and grouping them into larger units. By grouping each piece into a large whole, you can improve the amount of information you can remember.

EXAMPLE a mobile number 0438567924 Vs. 0438 567 924

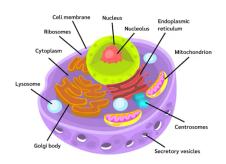


Match Content with Visuals & Diagrams

Drawing diagrams or adding images will help you to visualise information, which would be hard to describe. This creates a visual memory in your mind, which can be recalled in an exam.

EXAMPLE
Refer to diagram on next
page

Animal cell



Rhyming, Songs & Stories

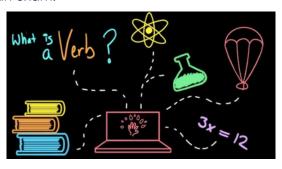
Putting information into a rhyme can make it easier to remember. Turn the information into a song or narrative



EXAMPLE 30 days hath September, April, June, and November.

Watch & Listen

Watching a video, listening to a recording helps to visualise information which would be hard to describe. This creates a visual memory in your mind, which can be recalled in an exam.

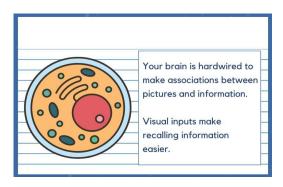


EXAMPLE

YouTube, ATOMI & Khan
Academy

Flash Cards

Test your knowledge of key concepts, definitions, quotes, syllabus headings and formulas with flashcards.



EXAMPLE

Syllabus question on one side and a simple answer on the other.

Test your Knowledge with Friends

Testing yourself forces you brain to recall information. Group work is also a tool helps you share resources and challenge what you know.

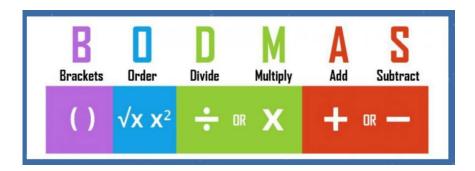


EXAMPLE

Use your flashcards to test each other

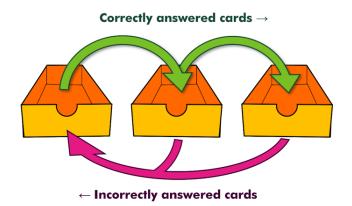
Acronyms or Mnemonic

Acronyms are abbreviations formed from the initial letters of other words and pronounced as a word



The Leitner System

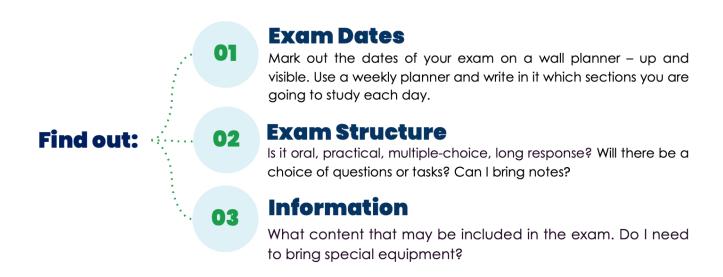
The Leitner System is a spaced repetition technique for learning with flashcards. Cards are sorted into boxes based on how well the material is known. Correctly answered cards progress to boxes that you don't need to review as often, while incorrect ones are moved back to the first box for more frequent review.



Organisation



1. Be proactive and start your exam preparation early. Start by ask lots of questions about the exam.



2. Sort learning materials

- Check you have all the handouts
- Check Google Classroom for resources
- Put your notes in order
- Read over exam notification

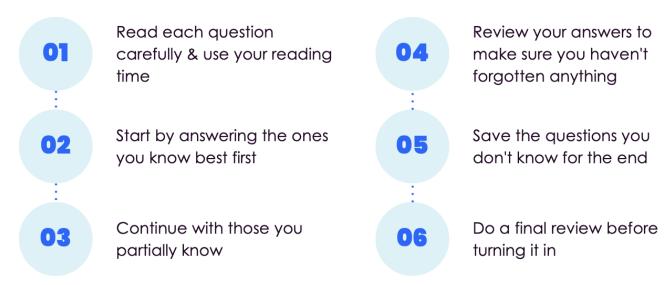
3. Make plans.

- Mark out the dates of your exam on a wall planner up and visible to you and your family
- Set small attainable goals to me
- Make a study space: Clear, quiet, organised.

Example 30 min chunks

	Mon	Tue	Wed	Thurs	Friday	Sat	Sun
Wk2	Sport	Work	Geo Sport	Maths	Family	Sport Science	Free Maths
Wk3	English Sport	Work	Free Sport	Health Geo	Family	Sport Tech	Drama Free
Wk 4	Geo Maths	Work	Science English	Free	Health Tech	Free Science	Free
Wk 5	Free	Work	Free	Drama Geo	Maths Science	Free	Science English
Exam Week	Sport Maths	Work	Drama Sport	Health	Family	Sport	Free





Weekly PLANNER

WEEK



TO DO

	MON	TUES	WED	THURS	FRI
PERIOD 1					
PERIOD 2					
PERIOD 3					
PERIOD 4					
PERIOD 5					

Term PLANNER

	MONDAY	TUESDAY	WEDNESDAY	THURSDAY	FRIDAY
1					
2					
3					
4					
5					
6					
7					
8					
9					
10					

Behaviours that Boost Memory & Learning



FACTS

Writing notes and reading off paper stimulates better retention. The brain is less likely to retain what you are studying when using digital screens.

TIPS

- Ask the teacher to use paper notes
- Writing takes time. Start early.
- Draw mind maps and diagrams to make notes clearer.

AVOID MULTI-TASKING



FACTS

Using social media and multitasking reduces the capacity to remember content. Splitting tasks minimises the amount of time information stays in working memory.

TIPS

- Turn your phone off and log out of social media.
- Remove materials that will distract you.
- Keep your desk clear, neat, and tidy.

SLEEP TIGHT



FACTS

While you sleep the brain processes and stores information that you learnt during the day.

The brain snips away the unnecessary stuff and saves the important info in the long-term memory.

Good sleep will also minimise stress.

TIPS

- Have a sleep routine (a consistent bedtime and wake up time)
- Turn off screens early.
- Sleep no less than 7 hours and no more than 12 hours a night.
- Don't a heavy meal before bed.

EAT RIGHT



FACTS

Certain foods nourish
the brain, improve
clarity, increase
problem solving &
enhance recall.
Simple sugars will cause
a crash and burn effect
and brain blocks.

TIPS

- Before studying snack on brain friendly food such as nuts, and vegetables.
- Avoid sugars and processed foods, they will cause a mental fog, poor concentration, and stress.

MOVE EVERYDAY

FACTS

Aerobic exercise such as jogging for 30 mins+releases important brain chemicals for memory, attention, and cognition. Studies show that people who do aerobic exercise for 30-40 minutes daily had better memory by 40%.

TIPS

- 30 mins to an hour of aerobic exercise is proven to have the greatest mental benefit.
- Avoid exercising for too close to bed as it will affect sleep.
- The best brain benefits are from exercise in the morning.

GET ORGANISED & USE LISTS

FACTS

Checklists keep you on task and make you accountable for your responsibilities.

Being organised reduces stress and allows for better performance.

TIPS

- Have a study plan
- Write weekly checklists & space in rest time.



FACTS

Naps and rest breaks boost memory by allowing the brain to process and store new information, improving recall and focus. Even short rests help prevent fatigue and enhance learning.

TIPS

- Plan Short Naps (10-20 mins)
- Power Nap During Natural Slumps
- Avoid naps later in the day
- Using your phone isn't resting.
- Practice deep, long breaths.



FACTS

Studies show that 3-4 minutes bouts of cold exposure will release chemicals in the brain that make you alert stimulated and attentive. The higher alertness promotes better attention.

TIPS

- At the end of your shower switch to cold water only.
- Cold showers are best in the morning for 3-4 minutes.
- Use it to wake yourself back up between study bouts.

Appendix

Assessment Notification



Relevant Information				
FACULTY:	COURSE:			
TASK:	TASK No:			
WEIGHTING:	METHOD OF SUBMISSION:			
DATE ISSUED: DATE DUE:				
Outcomes	Assessed			

- 1	SSASSM	O:1 -	
-//			146



WOLLONGONG HIGH SCHOOL OF THE PERFORMING ARTS

Lysaght St, Fairy Meadow NSW 2519 (02) 4229 6844 wollongong-h.school@det.nsw.edu.au





Assessment Illness/Misadventure Application

Application for special consideration for an accident/misadventure/Illness/special circumstance.

If illness, accident, misadventure or special circumstances prevent you from completing an assessment task on or before the due date:

- The school must be advised immediately the situation is known, before the due date if possible and,
- On the day of returning to the school this form must be completed and handed to the Head Teacher of the course.

PART A: To be completed by the STUDENT and handed to the class teacher.					
Student Name:	Course:				
Class Teacher:	Year:				
Original due date:	Period of absence:				
Reason for Application (Please tick)					
□ ILLNESS					
☐ MISADVENTURE					
□ OTHER					
☐ APPROVED LEAVE/OTHER COMMITMENTS (Years	☐ APPROVED LEAVE/OTHER COMMITMENTS (Years 7 – 10 only)				
Explanation:					
Student Signature:	Date:				

^{**}Attach supporting documents (E.g.: Medical Certificate) including letter from a Parent/Caregiver)

	in b. 10 be completed by the orace reache	PART B: To be completed by the CLASS TEACHER before the application is submitted.					
Re	commendation by class teacher (Teachers are reque	ested to write a recommendation concerning this					
application)							
	Substitute task (Date: New	bstitute task (Date: New task description:)					
۵	extension/Reschedule (Date:)						
	Estimation based on other tasks (in exceptional circumstances)						
	Other:						
_	□ Show as non-attempt: "N" Award Warning to be issued (Year 10's – 12 Only)						
Sig	nature:	Date:					
Part C: To be completed by the EXECUTIVE							
Не	ad Teacher						
He	ad Teacher I support the recommendation	Name:					
_	I support the recommendation I do not support the recommendation (please provides						
	I support the recommendation						
	I support the recommendation I do not support the recommendation (please provides	reasons and Signature:					
	I support the recommendation I do not support the recommendation (please provides alternatives below)	reasons and Signature: Date:					
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	I support the recommendation I do not support the recommendation (please provides alternatives below) puty Principal I support the recommendation I do not support the recommendation (please provides	reasons and Signature: Date: reasons and Signature: Signature:					

^{***}The Deputy Principal records the information in Millennium and notifies both the Teacher and Head Teacher. ***



WOLLONGONG HIGH SCHOOL OF THE PERFORMING ARTS







Assessment Appeal Application

Please refer this application to the Head Teacher					
Student Name:	Course:				
Task:	Date of Application:				
Mark Awarded:	Class Teacher:				
Reason for Appeal: Please provide detailed information regarding your specific concern about your appeal. Be as					
specific as possible.					
Steps taken					
(1) Verbal Appeal to Classroom Teacher					
Outcome: Resolved Not Resolved					
Details of Discussion:					
(O) Maintain Americal to Head Tooch and					
(2) Written Appeal to Head Teacher:					
Outcome: □ Resolved □ Not Resolved					
Head Teacher's Comments:					
Outcome of appeal:					
Signature of Head Teacher:	Date:				
Signature of Student	Date:				